

## FINAL EXAMINATION

June 9, 2008

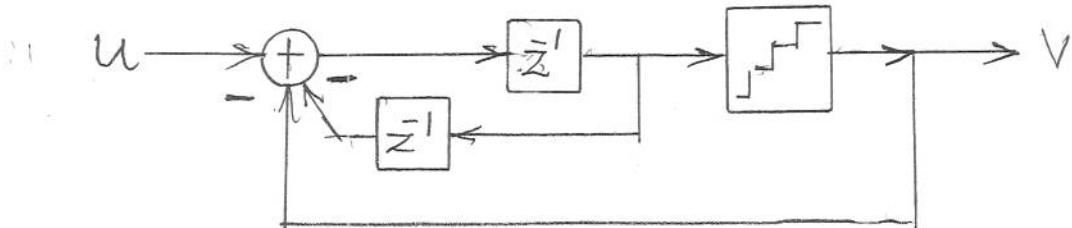
Open book

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. The signal transfer function (STF) of a delta-sigma modulator is 1, the noise transfer function (NTF) is  $(1 - z^{-1})^2$ . The LSB voltage of the quantizer is 0.1 V. The input signal is  $u(t) = \sin(2\pi ft)$ , where  $f = 1$  kHz. The clock frequency is 128 kHz.

- Find the largest possible difference between  $u(n)$  and  $v(n)$ .
- Find the largest change  $|y(n) - y(n-1)|$  in the input signal of the quantizer.

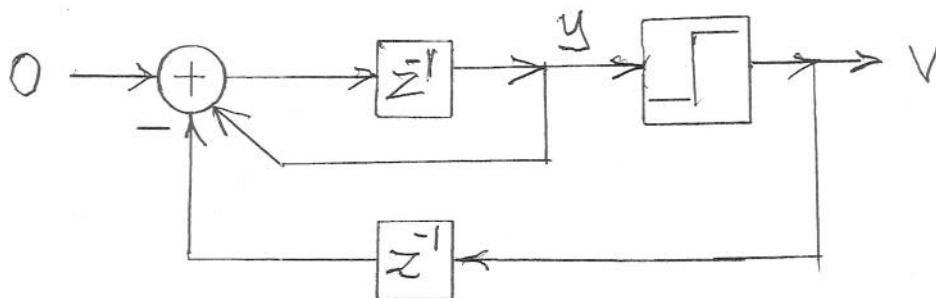
2. Find STF(z) and NTF(z) for the modulator shown below. Calculate the zeros and poles of both STF and NTF, in terms of  $z$  as well as  $f / f_s$



3. The modulator shown below has zero input at all times. The quantizer input  $y(n)$  is zero for  $n = -1$  and  $n = -2$ . The quantizer characteristics is

$$v(n) = -1 \text{ if } y(n) < 0; \quad v(n) = +1 \text{ if } y(n) \geq 0.$$

Calculate and plot  $v(n)$  for  $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots, 10$ . (Hint: it is periodic.)



$$1. a. u(n) = \sin(2\pi f n / f_s) = \sin(n\pi/64)$$

$$v(z) = u(z) + (1 - 2z^{-1} + z^{-2}) E(z)$$

$$v(n) = u(n) + e(n) - 2e(n-1) + e(n-2)$$

$$|v(n) - u(n)|_{\max} = 4 |e(n)|_{\max} = 2 V_{LSB}$$

$$\underline{|v-u| \leq 0.2V}$$

$$b. y(n) = v(n) - e(n) = u(n) - 2e(n-1) + e(n-2)$$

$$y(n) - y(n-1) = u(n) - u(n-1) - 2e(n-1) \\ + 3e(n-2) - e(n-3)$$

$$\underline{|y(n) - y(n-1)|_{\max} = \sin(\pi/64) + 6 |e_n|_{\max}} \\ \cong 0.0491 + 0.3 = \underline{0.3491V}$$

$$2. \check{v} = \check{E} + z^{-1} [\check{u} - \check{v} - z^{-1} (\check{v} - \check{E})]$$

$$(1 + z^{-1} + z^{-2}) \check{v} = z^{-1} \check{u} + (1 + z^{-2}) \check{E}$$

$$STF = \frac{z}{z^2 + z + 1}, \quad NTF = \frac{z^2 + 1}{z^2 + z + 1}$$

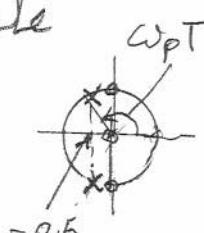
zeros at  $z = 0, \infty$

poles at  $(-1 \pm j\sqrt{3})/2$

zero not on unit circle

poles  $f_p = \pm f_s/3$

$$\cos \omega_p T_s = -0.5$$



zeros at  $\pm f_s/4$

poles the same

$$3. \quad v(n) = \operatorname{sgn}[y(n)]$$

$$y(n) = y(n-1) - v(n-2)$$

$$y(0) = y(-1) - v(-2) = 0 - 1 = -1$$

$$v(0) = -1$$

$$y(1) = -1 + 1 = -2$$

$$v(1) = -1$$

